..... (Original Signature of Member)

113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To streamline and ensure onshore energy permitting, provide for onshore leasing certainty, and give certainty to oil shale development for American energy security, economic development, and job creation, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. LAMBORN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To streamline and ensure onshore energy permitting, provide for onshore leasing certainty, and give certainty to oil shale development for American energy security, economic development, and job creation, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Lands Jobs5 and Energy Security Act".

1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Policies regarding buying, building, and working for America.

TITLE I—ONSHORE OIL AND GAS PERMIT STREAMLINING

Sec. 101. Short title.

Subtitle A—Application for Permits to Drill Process Reform

- Sec. 111. Permit to drill application timeline.
- Sec. 112. Solar and wind right-of-way rental reform.

Subtitle B—Administrative Protest Documentation Reform

Sec. 121. Administrative protest documentation reform.

Subtitle C—Permit Streamlining

- Sec. 131. Improve Federal energy permit coordination.
- Sec. 132. Administration of current law.

Subtitle D—Judicial Review

- Sec. 141. Definitions.
- Sec. 142. Exclusive venue for certain civil actions relating to covered energy projects.
- Sec. 143. Timely filing.
- Sec. 144. Expedition in hearing and determining the action.
- Sec. 145. Standard of review.
- Sec. 146. Limitation on injunction and prospective relief.
- Sec. 147. Limitation on attorneys' fees.
- Sec. 148. Legal standing.

TITLE II—OIL AND GAS LEASING CERTAINTY

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Minimum acreage requirement for onshore lease sales.
- Sec. 203. Leasing certainty.
- Sec. 204. Leasing consistency.
- Sec. 205. Reduce redundant policies.

TITLE III—OIL SHALE

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Effectiveness of oil shale regulations, amendments to resource management plans, and record of decision.
- Sec. 303. Oil shale leasing.

 1
 SEC. 3. POLICIES REGARDING BUYING, BUILDING, AND

 2
 WORKING FOR AMERICA.

3 (a) CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.—It is the intent of the
4 Congress that—

5 (1) this Act will support a healthy and growing
6 United States domestic energy sector that, in turn,
7 helps to reinvigorate American manufacturing,
8 transportation, and service sectors by employing the
9 vast talents of United States workers to assist in the
10 development of energy from domestic sources;

11 (2) to ensure a robust onshore energy produc-12 tion industry and ensure that the benefits of devel-13 opment support local communities, under this Act, 14 the Secretary shall make every effort to promote the 15 development of onshore American energy, and shall 16 take into consideration the socioeconomic impacts, 17 infrastructure requirements, and fiscal stability for 18 local communities located within areas containing 19 onshore energy resources; and

(3) the Congress will monitor the deployment of
personnel and material onshore to encourage the development of American technology and manufacturing to enable United States workers to benefit
from this Act through good jobs and careers, as well
as the establishment of important industrial facilities
to support expanded access to American resources.

(b) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior
 shall when possible, and practicable, encourage the use of
 United States workers and equipment manufactured in
 the United States in all construction related to mineral
 resource development under this Act.

6 TITLE I—ONSHORE OIL AND GAS 7 PERMIT STREAMLINING

8 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

9 This title may be cited as the "Streamlining Permit-10 ting of American Energy Act of 2013".

Subtitle A—Application for Permits to Drill Process Reform

13 SEC. 111. PERMIT TO DRILL APPLICATION TIMELINE.

14 Section 17(p)(2) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30
15 U.S.C. 226(p)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

16 "(2) APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS TO DRILL RE17 FORM AND PROCESS.—

18 "(A) TIMELINE.—The Secretary shall de-19 cide whether to issue a permit to drill within 30 20 days after receiving an application for the per-21 mit. The Secretary may extend such period for 22 up to 2 periods of 15 days each, if the Sec-23 retary has given written notice of the delay to 24 the applicant. The notice shall be in the form 25 of a letter from the Secretary or a designee of

1	the Secretary, and shall include the names and
2	titles of the persons processing the application,
3	the specific reasons for the delay, and a specific
4	date a final decision on the application is ex-
5	pected.
6	"(B) NOTICE OF REASONS FOR DENIAL.—
7	If the application is denied, the Secretary shall
8	provide the applicant—
9	"(i) in writing, clear and comprehen-
10	sive reasons why the application was not
11	accepted and detailed information con-
12	cerning any deficiencies; and
13	"(ii) an opportunity to remedy any de-
14	ficiencies.
15	"(C) Application deemed approved.—
16	If the Secretary has not made a decision on the
17	application by the end of the 60-day period be-
18	ginning on the date the application is received
19	by the Secretary, the application is deemed ap-
20	proved, except in cases in which existing reviews
21	under the National Environmental Policy Act of
22	1969 or Endangered Species Act of 1973 are
23	incomplete.
24	"(D) DENIAL OF PERMIT.—If the Sec-
25	retary decides not to issue a permit to drill in

1	accordance with subparagraph (A), the Sec-
2	retary shall—
3	"(i) provide to the applicant a descrip-
4	tion of the reasons for the denial of the
5	permit;
6	"(ii) allow the applicant to resubmit
7	an application for a permit to drill during
8	the 10-day period beginning on the date
9	the applicant receives the description of
10	the denial from the Secretary; and
11	"(iii) issue or deny any resubmitted
12	application not later than 10 days after the
13	date the application is submitted to the
14	Secretary.
15	"(E) FEE.—
16	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
17	any other law, the Secretary shall collect a
18	single \$6,500 permit processing fee per ap-
19	plication from each applicant at the time
20	the final decision is made whether to issue
21	a permit under subparagraph (A). This fee
22	shall not apply to any resubmitted applica-
23	tion.
24	"(ii) TREATMENT OF PERMIT PROC-
25	ESSING FEE.—Of all fees collected under

1	this paragraph, 50 percent shall be trans-
2	ferred to the field office where they are col-
3	lected and used to process protests, leases,
4	and permits under this Act subject to ap-
5	propriation.".
6	SEC. 112. SOLAR AND WIND RIGHT-OF-WAY RENTAL RE-
7	FORM.
	roun.
8	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), and
8 9	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), and
8 9	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, of fees col-

13 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1764(g))—

(1) no less than 25 percent shall be available,
subject to appropriation, for Department of the Interior field offices responsible for the land where the
fee was collected;

18 (2) no less than 25 percent shall be available,
19 subject to appropriation, for Bureau of Land Man20 agement permit approval activities; and

(3) no less than 25 percent shall be available,
subject to appropriation, to the Secretary of the Interior for department-wide permitting activities.

(b) LIMITATION.—The amount used under subsection(a) each fiscal year shall not exceed \$10,000,000.

Subtitle B—Administrative Protest Documentation Reform

3 SEC. 121. ADMINISTRATIVE PROTEST DOCUMENTATION RE-

FORM.

5 Section 17(p) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
6 226(p)) is further amended by adding at the end the fol7 lowing:

8 "(4) PROTEST FEE.—

9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 10 collect a \$5,000 documentation fee to accom-11 pany each protest for a lease, right of way, or 12 application for permit to drill.

13 "(B) TREATMENT OF FEES.—Of all fees
14 collected under this paragraph, 50 percent shall
15 remain in the field office where they are collected and used to process protests subject to
16 appropriation.".

18 Subtitle C—Permit Streamlining

19 SEC. 131. IMPROVE FEDERAL ENERGY PERMIT COORDINA-

20

TION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior
(referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall establish a Federal Permit Streamlining Project (referred to
in this section as the "Project") in every Bureau of Land

Management field office with responsibility for permitting 1 2 energy projects on Federal land. 3 (b) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.— 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 5 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary 6 shall enter into a memorandum of understanding for 7 purposes of this section with— 8 (A) the Secretary of Agriculture; 9 (B) the Administrator of the Environ-10 mental Protection Agency; and 11 (C) the Chief of the Army Corps of Engi-12 neers. 13 (2)STATE PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary 14 may request that the Governor of any State with en-

15 ergy projects on Federal lands to be a signatory to16 the memorandum of understanding.

17 (c) DESIGNATION OF QUALIFIED STAFF.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
the date of the signing of the memorandum of understanding under subsection (b), all Federal signatory parties shall, if appropriate, assign to each of
the Bureau of Land Management field offices an
employee who has expertise in the regulatory issues
relating to the office in which the employee is em-

1	ployed, including, as applicable, particular expertise
2	in—
3	(A) the consultations and the preparation
4	of biological opinions under section 7 of the En-
5	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
6	1536);
7	(B) permits under section 404 of Federal
8	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1344);
9	(C) regulatory matters under the Clean Air
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
11	(D) planning under the National Forest
12	Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a et
13	seq.); and
14	(E) the preparation of analyses under the
15	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
16	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
17	(2) DUTIES.—Each employee assigned under
18	paragraph (1) shall—
19	(A) not later than 90 days after the date
20	of assignment, report to the Bureau of Land
21	Management Field Managers in the office to
22	which the employee is assigned;
23	(B) be responsible for all issues relating to
24	the energy projects that arise under the au-
25	thorities of the employee's home agency; and

(C) participate as part of the team of per sonnel working on proposed energy projects,
 planning, and environmental analyses on Fed eral lands.

5 (d) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—The Secretary shall assign to each Bureau of Land Management field office 6 7 identified in subsection (a) any additional personnel that 8 are necessary to ensure the effective approval and imple-9 mentation of energy projects administered by the Bureau of Land Management field offices, including inspection 10 11 and enforcement relating to energy development on Fed-12 eral land, in accordance with the multiple use mandate of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 13 14 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(e) FUNDING.—Funding for the additional personnel
shall come from the Department of the Interior reforms
identified in sections 101, 102, and 201.

18 (f) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section af-19 fects—

20 (1) the operation of any Federal or State law;
21 or

(2) any delegation of authority made by the
head of a Federal agency whose employees are participating in the Project.

(g) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section the
 term "energy projects" includes oil, natural gas, coal, and
 other energy projects as defined by the Secretary.

4 SEC. 132. ADMINISTRATION OF CURRENT LAW.

Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary of the
Interior shall not require a finding of extraordinary circumstances in administering section 390 of the Energy
Policy Act of 2005.

9 Subtitle D—Judicial Review

10 SEC. 141. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this subtitle—

(1) the term "covered civil action" means a civil
action containing a claim under section 702 of title
5, United States Code, regarding agency action (as
defined for the purposes of that section) affecting a
covered energy project on Federal lands of the
United States; and

(2) the term "covered energy project" means
the leasing of Federal lands of the United States for
the exploration, development, production, processing,
or transmission of oil, natural gas, wind, or any
other source of energy, and any action under such
a lease, except that the term does not include any
disputes between the parties to a lease regarding the

obligations under such lease, including regarding
 any alleged breach of the lease.

3 SEC. 142. EXCLUSIVE VENUE FOR CERTAIN CIVIL ACTIONS

4

RELATING TO COVERED ENERGY PROJECTS.

5 Venue for any covered civil action shall lie in the dis6 trict court where the project or leases exist or are pro7 posed.

8 SEC. 143. TIMELY FILING.

9 To ensure timely redress by the courts, a covered civil 10 action must be filed no later than the end of the 90-day 11 period beginning on the date of the final Federal agency 12 action to which it relates.

13 SEC. 144. EXPEDITION IN HEARING AND DETERMINING THE

14 ACTION.

15 The court shall endeavor to hear and determine any16 covered civil action as expeditiously as possible.

17 SEC. 145. STANDARD OF REVIEW.

In any judicial review of a covered civil action, administrative findings and conclusions relating to the challenged Federal action or decision shall be presumed to be correct, and the presumption may be rebutted only by the preponderance of the evidence contained in the administrative record.

1 SEC. 146. LIMITATION ON INJUNCTION AND PROSPECTIVE 2 RELIEF.

3 In a covered civil action, the court shall not grant or approve any prospective relief unless the court finds 4 5 that such relief is narrowly drawn, extends no further than necessary to correct the violation of a legal requirement, 6 7 and is the least intrusive means necessary to correct that violation. In addition, courts shall limit the duration of 8 9 preliminary injunctions to halt covered energy projects to no more than 60 days, unless the court finds clear reasons 10 to extend the injunction. In such cases of extensions, such 11 extensions shall only be in 30-day increments and shall 12 13 require action by the court to renew the injunction.

14 SEC. 147. LIMITATION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES.

15 Sections 504 of title 5, United States Code, and 2412 16 of title 28, United States Code, (together commonly called 17 the Equal Access to Justice Act) do not apply to a covered 18 civil action, nor shall any party in such a covered civil ac-19 tion receive payment from the Federal Government for 20 their attorneys' fees, expenses, and other court costs.

21 SEC. 148. LEGAL STANDING.

Challengers filing appeals with the Department of the
Interior Board of Land Appeals shall meet the same
standing requirements as challengers before a United
States district court.

TITLE II—OIL AND GAS LEASING CERTAINTY

3 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Providing Leasing5 Certainty for American Energy Act of 2013".

6 SEC. 202. MINIMUM ACREAGE REQUIREMENT FOR ON7 SHORE LEASE SALES.

8 In conducting lease sales as required by section 17(a)
9 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226(a)), each year
10 the Secretary of the Interior shall perform the following:

11 (1) The Secretary shall offer for sale no less 12 than 25 percent of the annual nominated acreage 13 not previously made available for lease. Acreage of-14 fered for lease pursuant to this paragraph shall not 15 be subject to protest and shall be eligible for cat-16 egorical exclusions under section 390 of the Energy 17 Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15492), except that 18 it shall not be subject to the test of extraordinary 19 circumstances.

20 (2) In administering this section, the Secretary
21 shall only consider leasing of Federal lands that are
22 available for leasing at the time the lease sale oc23 curs.

1 SEC. 203. LEASING CERTAINTY.

2 Section 17(a) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
3 226(a)) is amended by inserting "(1)" before "All lands",
4 and by adding at the end the following:

5 "(2)(A) The Secretary shall not withdraw any cov6 ered energy project issued under this Act without finding
7 a violation of the terms of the lease by the lessee.

8 "(B) The Secretary shall not infringe upon lease 9 rights under leases issued under this Act by indefinitely 10 delaying issuance of project approvals, drilling and seismic 11 permits, and rights of way for activities under such a 12 lease.

"(C) No later than 18 months after an area is designated as open under the current land use plan the Secretary shall make available nominated areas for lease
under the criteria in section 2.

17 "(D) Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary18 shall issue all leases sold no later than 60 days after the19 last payment is made.

"(E) The Secretary shall not cancel or withdraw any
lease parcel after a competitive lease sale has occurred and
a winning bidder has submitted the last payment for the
parcel.

24 "(F) Not later than 60 days after a lease sale held
25 under this Act, the Secretary shall adjudicate any lease
26 protests filed following a lease sale. If after 60 days any

protest is left unsettled, said protest is automatically de nied and appeal rights of the protestor begin.

3 "(G) No additional lease stipulations may be added
4 after the parcel is sold without consultation and agree5 ment of the lessee, unless the Secretary deems such stipu6 lations as emergency actions to conserve the resources of
7 the United States.".

8 SEC. 204. LEASING CONSISTENCY.

9 Federal land managers must follow existing resource
10 management plans and continue to actively lease in areas
11 designated as open when resource management plans are
12 being amended or revised, until such time as a new record
13 of decision is signed.

14 SEC. 205. REDUCE REDUNDANT POLICIES.

15 Bureau of Land Management Instruction Memo-16 randum 2010–117 shall have no force or effect.

17 **TITLE III—OIL SHALE**

18 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Protecting Investment
in Oil Shale the Next Generation of Environmental, Energy, and Resource Security Act" or the "PIONEERS
Act".

SEC. 302. EFFECTIVENESS OF OIL SHALE REGULATIONS, AMENDMENTS TO RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLANS, AND RECORD OF DECISION.

4 (a) REGULATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other law 5 or regulation to the contrary, the final regulations regarding oil shale management published by the Bureau of 6 7 Land Management on November 18, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 8 69,414) are deemed to satisfy all legal and procedural re-9 quirements under any law, including the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et 10 11 seq.), the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 12 1531 et seq.), the National Environmental Policy Act of 13 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58), and the Secretary of the 14 Interior shall implement those regulations, including the 15 oil shale leasing program authorized by the regulations, 16 without any other administrative action necessary. 17

18 (b) Amendments to Resource Management 19 PLANS AND RECORD OF DECISION.—Notwithstanding any other law or regulation to the contrary, the November 20 21 17, 2008 U.S. Bureau of Land Management Approved Re-22 source Management Plan Amendments/Record of Decision 23 for Oil Shale and Tar Sands Resources to Address Land 24 Use Allocations in Colorado, Utah, and Wyoming and Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement are 25 deemed to satisfy all legal and procedural requirements 26

under any law, including the Federal Land Policy and 1 Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), the 2 3 Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), 4 the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public 5 Law 109–58), and the Secretary of the Interior shall im-6 plement the oil shale leasing program authorized by the 7 8 regulations referred to in subsection (a) in those areas cov-9 ered by the resource management plans amended by such 10 amendments, and covered by such record of decision, without any other administrative action necessary. 11

12 SEC. 303. OIL SHALE LEASING.

13 (a) Additional Research and Development LEASE SALES.—The Secretary of the Interior shall hold 14 15 a lease sale within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act offering an additional 10 parcels for lease for 16 research, development, and demonstration of oil shale re-17 18 sources, under the terms offered in the solicitation of bids for such leases published on January 15, 2009 (74 Fed. 19 Reg. 10). 20

(b) COMMERCIAL LEASE SALES.—No later than January 1, 2016, the Secretary of the Interior shall hold no
less than 5 separate commercial lease sales in areas considered to have the most potential for oil shale development, as determined by the Secretary, in areas nominated

- $1 \;$ through public comment. Each lease sale shall be for an
- $2\,$ area of not less than 25,000 acres, and in multiple lease
- 3 blocs.