

Showing Current Law as Amended by H.R. 8473

[new text highlighted in yellow; text to be deleted bracketed and highlighted in blue]

Indian Health Care Improvement Act (Pub. L. No. 94-437)

TITLE II—HEALTH SERVICES

SEC. 223. Offices of Indian Men’s Health and Indian Women’s Health.

(a) Office of Indian Men’s Health

(1) Establishment.—The Secretary may establish within the Service an office, to be known as the “Office of Indian Men's Health”.

(2) Director.—

(A) In general.—The Office of Indian Men's Health shall be headed by a director, to be appointed by the Secretary.

(B) Duties.—The director shall coordinate and promote the health status of Indian men in the United States.

(3) Report.—Not later than 2 years after March 23, 2010, the Secretary, acting through the Service, shall submit to Congress a report describing—

(A) any activity carried out by the director as of the date on which the report is prepared; and

(B) any finding of the director with respect to the health of Indian men.

(b) Office of Indian Women’s Health.—The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall establish an office, to be known as the “Office of Indian Women's Health”, to monitor and improve the quality of health care for Indian women (including urban Indian women) of all ages through the planning and delivery of programs administered by the Service, in order to improve and enhance the treatment models of care for Indian women.

SEC. 224. Public Health Veterinary Services.

(a) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) PUBLIC HEALTH VETERINARY SERVICES.—The term ‘public health veterinary services’ includes any of the following:

(A) Spaying and neutering services for domestic animals.

(B) Diagnoses.

(C) Surveillance.

(D) Epidemiology.

(E) Control.

(F) Prevention.

(G) Elimination.

(H) Vaccination.

(I) Any other related service or activity that reduces the risk of zoonotic disease transmission or antimicrobial resistance in humans, food, or animals.

(2) ZOOONOTIC DISEASE.—The term ‘zoonotic disease’ means a disease or infection that may be transmitted naturally from vertebrate animals to humans, or from humans to vertebrate animals.

(b) Authorization for veterinary services.—The Secretary, acting through the Service, may expend funds, directly or pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance

Act (25 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.), for public health veterinary services to prevent and control zoonotic disease infection and transmission in Service areas where the risk for disease occurrence in humans and wildlife is endemic.

(c) Public health officers; coordination.—In providing public health veterinary services under subsection (b), the Secretary may—

(1) assign or deploy veterinary public health officers from the Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service to Service areas; and

(2) coordinate and implement activities with—

(A) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture.

(d) Report.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a biennial report on the use of funds, the assignment and deployment of veterinary public health officers from the Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service, data related to the monitoring and disease surveillance of zoonotic diseases, and related services provided under this section.

Prepare for and Respond to Existing Viruses, Emerging New Threats, and Pandemics Act (Pub. L. No. 117-328)

TITLE II—PREPARING FOR AND RESPONDING TO EXISTING VIRUSES, EMERGING NEW THREATS, AND PANDEMICS

SEC. 2235. One Health Framework.

(a) One Health Framework.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”), acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall develop, or update as appropriate, in coordination with other Federal departments and agencies, as appropriate, a One Health framework to address zoonotic diseases and advance public health preparedness.

(b) One Health Coordination.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall coordinate with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Director of the Indian Health Service [and the Secretary of the Interior] to develop a One Health coordination mechanism at the Federal level to strengthen One Health collaboration related to prevention, detection, control, and response for zoonotic diseases and related One Health work across the Federal Government.

(c) Reporting.—Not later than 1 year after December 29, 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report providing an update on the activities under subsections (a) and (b).